

## Product manual

April 2011



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### **1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

#### 1.1. STARLIGHT

Composite panel made with a conic-cells transparent honeycomb core laminated with two layers of transparent/ coloured/satin-finished resin.

#### Starlight is available in the following variations:

#### **STARLIGHT BASIC**

Standard entry-lever product.

#### **STARLIGHT EXTRA**

In comparison with Starlight Basic, has a stronger core: it is suitable for structural uses and when machining is needed (like 45°cuts, milling etc.)

#### STARLIGHT PLUS

Panels with Fire Certification

#### **STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR**

Panels specific for raised floors and structural applications with high loads

#### **STARLIGHT PLUS UVP**

UV-resistant panels thanks to the use of PC skins, which are coextruded and UV-protected.

#### 1.2. LIGHTBEN

A composite panel with a clear Polycarbonate cylindrical-cells honeycomb core, laminated with layers of transparent/ coloured/satin-finished plastic material.

Lightben is available in the following variations: LIGHTBEN BASIC Standard entry-level product. LIGHTBEN PLUS Panels with a Fire Certification LIGHTBEN PLUS CC (Coloured-Core) A Lightben Plus with coloured Core.

#### LIGHTBEN PLUS UV

UV resistant panels thanks to UV co-extruded Polycarbonate external layers.

#### **1.3. HEXABEN**

Composite panel with Aluminium honeycomb core with hexagonal cells, deriving from aeronautical use. External layers are in plastic material clear or coloured, with glossy / satin finishing. HEXABEN panel is available in the following variations. **SMALL, SMALL PLUS, LARGE, LARGE PLUS.** 

### 1.4. ECOBEN

(PMMA), clear / coloured, in glossy / satin finishing. ECOBEN is available as **ECOBEN WAVE** featuring a wave-shaped-cells core.



Please refer to the Technical Data Sheets for panel characteristics (attachment 1)

#### **HEXABEN SMALL E LARGE**

**ECOBEN** 







## Composite panel with recycled cardboard core and external layers in co-polyester resin (OPETG) or acrylic resin







### 2. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### A plastic film protects STALIGHT, LIGHTBEN, HEXABEN and ECOBEN panels.

It is advisable to keep the protective film in place for as long as possible, until panel installation. Storage must be carried out in a sheltered location (warehouse) with temperatures between 10°C and +30°C, avoiding direct sunlight, exposure to rain and snow, and presence of corrosive substances and/or solvents.

Handling of a single panel must be done in a vertical position avoiding rubbing between panels.

Horizontal storage is advised with the following recommendations:

- Keep the original Bencore packing intact and place it on an even and regular surface.
- In case of a new storage, place the panels on an even and regular surface, avoiding the presence of dirt pacticles between panels (it is advisable to protect surfaces placing a protective layer between the panels).



#### **STORAGE OF BENCORE PANELS: VERTICAL POSITION**



SOFT SURFACE WITH A REGULAR / SUPPORT

It is possible to store panels vertically placing them resting on their longer sides, tilted at an angle of 10 degrees from vertical; the support must be uniform and continuous and must be against soft surfaces (rubber, foam, etc...). Improper storage can damage and/or permanently deform panels.

### 3.1. STARLIGHT - PLUS - LIGHTBEN - PLUS

#### Dust and mill scale removal

Edge cleaning: blow with compressed air on the edges. Surfaces cleaning: blow with compressed air and/or use an antistatic cloth wiping gently in order to avoid abrasions.

#### Dirt and fingerprints removal from surfaces

Use a solution of lukewarm water (max 40°) with neutral detergent or isopropyl alcohol diluted with water to 50% strength, gently rub with a soft sponge and rinse with cold water. Dry with a soft cloth or a wet buff.

#### Do not:

- Use detergents others than those indicated above
- Use a dry cloth for dry dirt removal
- Clean panels under direct sunlight or high temperatures.
- Use abrasives, squeegees, blades, pointed tools, roto-brush systems

For tables of chemical resistance of surfaces, please refer to attachment 2.



### 3. MANTAINANCE



### 3. MANTAINANCE

### 3.2. STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA, LIGHTBEN BASIC, **HEXABEN SMALL/LARGE**

#### Dust and mill scale removal from edges and surfaces

Edge cleaning: use compressed air to clean the edges. Surface cleaning: blow with compressed air and/or use an antistatic cloth wiping gently in order to avoid abrasions.

#### Dirt and fingerprints removal from surfaces

Use a solution of lukewarm water (max 40°) with neutral detergent or isopropyl alcohol diluted with water to 50% strength, gently rub with a soft sponge and rinse with cold water. Dry with a soft cloth or a wet buff.

#### Do not:

- Use alcohol-based or highly alkaline detergents
- Use a dry cloth for dry dirt removal
- Clean panels under direct sunlight or high temperatures.
- Use abrasives, squeegees, blades, pointed tools, roto-brush systems

For tables of chemical resistance of surfaces, please refer to attachment 2.

### 3.3. STARLIGHT - PLUS - UVP, LIGHTBEN - PLUS - UVP, STARLIGHT PLUS **FLOOR PANELS - HEXABEN PLUS**

#### Dust and mill scale removal from edges and surfaces

Edge cleaning: use compressed air to clean the edges. Surface cleaning: blow with compressed air and/or use an antistatic cloth wiping gently in order to avoid abrasions.

#### Dirt and fingerprints removal from surfaces

Use a solution of lukewarm water (max 40°) with neutral detergent or with neutral detergent or isopropyl alcohol diluted with water to 50% strength, gently rub with a soft sponge and rinse with cold water. Dry with a soft cloth or a wet buff.

#### Do not:

- Use alcohol-based or highly alkaline detergents
- Use a dry cloth for dry dirt removal
- Clean of panels under direct sunlight or high temperatures.
- Use abrasives, squeegees, blades, pointed tools, roto-brush systems

For tables of surfaces chemical resistance, please refer to attachment 2.



### **3. MANTAINANCE**



#### **GENERAL PROCESSING RECOMMENDATIONS**

- a) Do not undergo mechanical processing onto panels before 10 days' from production.
- b) Avoid overheating the material: tools must be correctly sharpened, cleaned and not damaged.
- c) Use appropriate tool cooling systems (compressed air, water) in order to avoid material overheating which can cause formation of air light and chips, which are difficult to remove.
- d) Firmly anchor the pieces under processing in order to avoid the presence of vibrations, which can cause panel delamination, and tearing of covering sheets/layers/spalling of sheets.
- e) Keep equipment and pieces under processing clean: potential scales and/or flashes can be transmitted from tools/equipments and damage panel surface.
- f) Keep the protection film on as long as possible even during processing in order to avoid superficial abrasions during panel handling.
- g) During processing panels can become electro statically charged making the removal of chips difficult: the problem can be solved vacuum cleaning the chips and via anti static sprays.
- h) The heating of material due to machining and thermo forming can cause the release of fumes toxic for operators and potentially inflammable. Provide an adequate ventilation of the environments.

#### **4.1. CUTTING WITH CIRCULAR SAW**

Below are the cutting specifications advisable for the whole range of STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN products. For more complete information, the specifications supplied by the raw material producers are also indicated.

### 4.1.1. CUTTING SPECIFICATIONS

Cutting machine: adopt a cutting machine with a disk and mobile track-blade, according to the scheme illustrated below; the machine should be equipped with a blade cooling system with vaporized water, a system with a disk rotation "Vt" speed and a system for the track-blade feed "Va" speed regulation.







Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	14
Pitch/tooth spacing (mm) <b>t</b>	9.81
Thickness (mm) <b>s</b>	3.2
External diameter (mm) <b>D</b>	300
Teeth material:	Tungsten carbide
Disk rotation speed (rpm)	4.700
Cutting speed (m/min) <b>Vt</b>	4.427
Feed speed (m/min) Va	STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT EXTRA, STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR, STARLIGHT PLUS UVP, LIGHTBEN, LIGHTBEN PLUS UVP <b>30/40</b>
	STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS, LIGHTBEN PLUS 10/15

## \_\_\_\_\_



### **4. PRODUCTS PROCESSING**

### **TOOL GEOMETRIES AND RECOMMENDED PARAMETERS**



ALTERNATING SEMI-TRAPEZOIDAL SHAPE







### **ALTERNATING SEMI-TRAPEZOIDAL SHAPE**



#### STARLIGHT- PLUS- UVP, LIGHTBEN- PLUS-UVP

Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	5÷15
Secondary clearance angle (°) $ oldsymbol{lpha} $	10÷-15
Pitch/tooth spacing (mm) <b>t</b>	8÷-18
Thickness (mm) <b>s</b>	3÷4
External diameter (mm) <b>D</b>	200-400mm (larger diameters recommended)
Some recommended combinations external diameter / tooth number	200mm 80 teeth 250mm 60-80 teeth 300mm 60-80 teeth 350mm 60-80 teeth
Teeth material:	Tungsten carbide
Cutting speed (m/min) <b>Vt</b>	1800÷2400
Feed speed (m/min) Va	4÷6





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## 4. PRODUCTS PROCESSING



#### STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA, LIGHTBEN

Teeth material:	<b>Tungsten carbide</b> (recommended for a long lasting sharpening) <b>Superfast steel</b> (recommended for a better finishing of cut edges)
Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	0 ÷ -5
Secondary clearance angle (°) $  {f lpha} $	10-15 (carbide teeth) 30-40 (carbide teeth)
Pitch/tooth spacing (mm) <b>t</b>	10 (carbide teeth) 5 (carbide teeth)
Thickness (mm) <b>s</b>	3-4
External diameter (mm)	200-400 mm (larger diameters preferable)
Cutting speed (m/min) <b>Vt</b>	⊼ 3000
Feed speed (m/min) Va	4-6

#### **STARLIGHT-PLUS-CLASS E LIGHTBEN- PLUS**

Teeth material:	Tungsten carbide
Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	5÷15
Secondary clearance angle (°) $ oldsymbol{lpha} $	10-30
Pitch/tooth spacing (mm) <b>t</b>	3 ÷ 11
Thickness (mm) <b>s</b>	3-4
External diameter (mm)	200-400 mm (larger diameters preferable)
Cutting speed (m/min) <b>Vt</b>	2500-6000
Feed speed (m/min) <b>Va</b>	3
	3 ÷ - 15

### 4.1.3. TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	<b>SOLUTIONS</b> (adopt them according to the sequence supplied below until problem solved)
Residue formation due to material melting during cutting	<ul> <li>Check the correct alignment of the blade on the shaft.</li> <li>Reduce cutting speed Vt</li> <li>Increase cutting speed Va</li> <li>Increase main clearance angle γ</li> <li>Foresee a blade cooling system with nebulized air and water</li> </ul>
Ragged cutting surfaces, rupture of skins, panel delamination.	<ul> <li>Check the correct blade tooth sharpness</li> <li>Improve the panel anchoring to avoid vibrations.</li> <li>Check the correct alignment of the blade on the shaft.</li> <li>Increase cutting speed Vt</li> <li>Decrease feed speed Va</li> <li>Decrease main clearance angle γ</li> </ul>

### 4.2. DRILLING

SPECIFICATIONS SUPPLIED BY RAW MATERIAL PRODUCERS



#### SPECIFICATIONS FOR STARLIGHT- PLUS- UVP, LIGHTBEN- UVP PANELS

Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	0÷4
Secondary clearance angle (°) $oldsymbol{\alpha}$	3÷8
Cutting edge angle (°) $\phi$	60÷90
Helix angle (°) $eta$	12÷16
Cutting speed (m/min)	30÷50
Feed (mm/rev)	0.05÷0.3

#### SPECIFICATIONS FOR STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT EXTRA, LIGHTBEN PANELS

Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	0÷4
Secondary clearance angle (°) $oldsymbol{lpha}$	3÷8
Cutting edge angle (°) $\phi$	60÷90
Helix angle (°) $eta$	12÷16
Cutting speed (m/min)	30÷50
Feed (mm/rev)	0.05÷0.1

#### SPECIFICATIONS FOR STARLIGHT- PLUS- UVP, LIGHTBEN PANELS

Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	3÷5
Secondary clearance angle (°) $oldsymbol{\alpha}$	3÷6
Cutting edge angle (°) $\phi$	60÷90
Helix angle (°) $eta$	12÷16
Cutting speed (m/min)	12÷25
Feed (mm/rev)	0.2



### 4. PRODUCTS PROCESSING



#### 4.3. MILLING

In the STARLIGHT, EXTRA STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS, STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR, STARLIGHT PLUS UVP milling in the core can be performed so as to house the slip beading/edging (see paragraph 4.4) and profile joint (see par. 4.5.). In this type of processing a joinery machine "ROUTER" type (see scheme) with an automated panel feed system is recommended; recommended tools and cutting parameters are described below.

### MILLING EXECUTION SCHEME FOR PROFILE HOUSING







#### GEOMETRIES AND PROCESSING PARAMETERS FOR MILLING PERFORMANCE

Main clearance angle (°) $\gamma$	5 ÷ 15
Secondary clearance angle (°) 🛛 📿	10 ÷ -15
Pitch/distance between teeth (mm) <b>t</b>	9 ÷ 26
Thickness (mm) <b>s</b>	2-5
External diameter (mm)	200
Cutting speed (m/min) Vt	2500-6000
Teeth material:	tungsten carbide
Disk rotation speed (rev/min) Vd	6000
Feed speed (m/min) <b>Va</b>	16 ÷ 33

### 4.4. EDGING

Edging can be performed adopting the following different solutions indicated the table below, starting from the main aesthetically valid to the most convenient; see the following figures.

## HIGHEST AESTHETICALLY VALID SOLUTIONS

EDGING SYSTEM	RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS	NOTE
Foil, even transparent ed- ging; processing by hand/ manual (figure 4.1)	STARLIGHT STARLIGHT-EXTRA LIGHTBEN	Best res lishing the co
Foil, even transparent, ed- ging; machine processing (figure 4.2).	STARLIGHT E LIGHTBEN (all versions)	Use "pur results s
Edging with "T" profiles housed in milled slot (see par. 4.3). Manual proces- sing (figure 4.3)	STARLIGHT-EXTRA STARLIGHT-PLUS-CLASS STARLIGHT-PLUS-FLOOR	Fast, cor gives slip material
Edging through housing of the panel in external profiles. (Figure 4.3)	STARLIGHT E LIGHTBEN (all versions)	This is th ges can



### **4. PRODUCTS PROCESSING**

ults are obtained edging, chamfering, and manually pohe edges (see par. 4.6), and adopting the same material wering sheets for the border

re melt" edging machines for wooden panels: aesthetically slightly inferior to hand edging

nvenient and resistant system; in comparison to edging ghtly inferior results. Edges can be made of different .s (metal, plastic, etc.)

he fastest, more convenient and resistant system. Edbe made of different materials (metal, plastica, etc.)

### **ECONOMICAL SOLUTIONS**





**EDGING:** 

### **MANUALLY EDGED PANEL**

### **MACHINE EDGED PANEL**







### **EXTERNAL PROFILES**



### 4.5. GLUING AND ASSEMBLING

The STARLIGHT (all types) and LIGHTBEN (all types) can be assembled one to the other and can be glued to other materials joining them at the covering sheets.

Reinforced joints can be made inserting transparent polycarbonate foils inside spots milled (see par. 4.3) in the panel (STARLIGHT EXTRA, STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS, STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR and STARLIGHT PLUS UVP only).

#### Follow recommendations given here below:

In order to avoid panels from getting damaged, follow the adhesive compatibility table at the attachment 4. For structural applications with glued joints, please consult Bencore's Technical office.

### EXAMPLES OF GLUED JOINTS WITH POLYCARBONATE STRENGTHENING (STARLIGHT EXTRA STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS STARLIGHT FLOOR STARLIGHT UVP): panel preparation and processing cycle.



### **EXAMPLES OF GLUED JOINTS (ALL STARLIGHT AND LIGHTBEN PANELS)**







### **4. PRODUCTS PROCESSING**





### 4.6. POLISHING

- STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN surfaces can be polished proceeding as follows:
- to restore original gloss of surfaces damaged by scratches or abrasions due to faulty repairs
- to finish surfaces deriving from cutting/milling operations, giving them a look very similar to those of the external sheets of the panel;
- to refine (give a final touch) after edging
- To choose the most suitable panels for the polishing operations, please consult the table below

#### For the choice of the most suitable panels for polishing operations, please refer to the table below

POLISHING POSSIBLE WITH BEST RESULS; THIS OPERATION CAN BE INSERTED IN THE PANEL PROCESSING CYCLE	POLISHING POSSIBLE WITH BEST RESULTS, TO BE FORESEEN FOR ACCIDENTAL PROBLEMS	POLISHING NOT RECOMMENDED
STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA, LIGHTBEN	STARLIGHT-PLUS-CLASS LIGHTBEN- PLUS	STARLIGHT- PLUS- UVP, LIGHTBEN- PLUS-UVP, STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR

For detailed information, please consult the Bencore's Technical office.

#### **POLISHING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **Phase 1:** removal of material up to the disappearance of processing scratches-marks.

Use a rotor-orbital polishing machine (orbit: mm) with speed regulation and rigid sanding disk diam. 150mm treating in succession the surfaces with abrasive paper grain (150, 240-360 (dry), abrasive 3M 260L P600 (dry) and abrasive 3M TRIZACT P1000 (wet)

#### **Phase 2a:** polishing (glossy surfaces)

Use an electronic polishing machine with speed regulation and sanding disk for sponges 3M09552 treating the surfaces as follows:

- Felt 3M 0358 and universal abrasive paste 3M 09375
- Orange sponge pad 3M 09550 WITH UNIVERSAL ABRASIVE PASTE 3M 09375

#### **Phase 2b:** polishing of matt surfaces:

For matte surfaces panels it is possible to carry out an opacifying treatment in alternative to polishing with a rotororbital (orbit mm) with speed regulation, rigid sanding disk diam. 150, 3M 02329, abrasive 3M TRIZACT P3000 (WET)

### 4.7. THERMOFORMING

Hot bending operations of panels such as STARLIGHT and STARLIGHT-PLUS-CLASS, LIGHTBEN and LIGHTBEN-PLUS-CLASS are possible with a bending radius not less than 20-25 times the thickness of the panel. It is recommended to consult the Bencore's Technical office.

### **EXAMPLES OF THERMOFORMED STARLIGHT PANELS**







### 4. PANEL PROCESSING



#### **4.8. LASER AND WATER-JET CUTTING** Processings NOT RECOMMENDED for STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN PANELS.

### **4.9. SEALING EDGES**

If panels are exposed to weather conditions or if they are placed in very humid environments (such as bathroom, saunas, etc.) edges MUST be sealed with acid-free silicon protecting surfaces near the edges with masking cellar tape. Some possible solutions are given below



SEALING PROFILE (METAL OR PLASTIC)



MET ACRYLIC BLOCK



## 5. GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF PANELS

### 5.1. OUTDOOR USE (VERTICAL PARTITIONS, ROOFS AND SKYLIGHTS)

Suggested materials for exteriors: STARLIGHT or LIGHTBEN in double-glazed version. These products are manufactured using STARLIGHT or LIGHTBEN core inside double-glazing.

For other application, feel free to contact Bencore Technical Office.

#### 5.2. USE FOR RAISED FLOORS

Recommended materials: STARLIGHT- PLUS-FLOOR 40, installation and weight-capacity as per the technical data sheet in enclosure 1.

It is possible to also use STARLIGHT-PLUS and STARLIGHT-EXTRA panels. Please, consult Bencore if you intend to use Starlight Plus or Starlight Extra or to Bencore Technical Office for Mechanical Properties certifications.

### 5.3. USE FOR INDOOR HIGHLY-HUMID ENVIRONMENTS AND/OR IN PRESENCE OF VAPOUR

STARLIGHT (all types) and (LIGHTBEN (all types) can be used: foresee the insertion in metal/plastic frames and sealing of joints to avoid water seepage.

### 5.4. PANEL BACKLIT

STARLIGHT panels (all types) and LIGHTBEN (all types) can be backlit by neon lamps or LEDs. Backlit with incandescent lamps or halogens is NOT recommended





### 5. GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF PANELS

### **GENERAL SPECIFICATION FOR PANEL BACK LIGHTING**





### **EXAMPLE OF STARLIGHT PANEL BACKLIGHTING**



### 5.5. FIRE-CLASS CERTIFICATIONS

In case of particular realizations/applications (for example in open to the public environments such as offices, exhibition stands etc.) the Local Authorities can ask for the use of panel with a fire certification; here below there is a table of Bencore products certification.

	STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS
ITALY UNI 9177	LIGHTBEN PLUS 19; LIG
	STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOF
	STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS
GERMANY	STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS
DIN 4102-1	LIGHTBEN PLUS 19; LIG
	LIGHTBEN PLUS 21 : Cla



### 5. GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF PANELS

34: Class 1

HTBEN PLUS CC 19: Class 1

R 40: Class 1

19: Class B1

36: Class B1

HTBEN PLUS CC 19: Class B1

ass B1



## 5. GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF PANELS

5.6. MAKING FURNITURE COMPONENTS

### 5.6.1. SHELVES: DIMENSIONS AND LOADS



Find below the recommendations on load bearing capacity according to load and chosen material. Best results are obtained with STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA E LIGHTBEN panels, which are more suitable for edging, polishing and thermoforming process (see paragraphs 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7). Other types of panels give lower results.

MATERIAL	Advised supports span "D" with light load 15Kg/m	Advised supports span "D" with heavy load 40Kg/m			
STARLIGHT 19 STARLIGHT EXTRA 19 STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS 19	90cm	65cm			
STARLIGHT 21 STARLIGHT EXTRA 21	115cm	85cm			
STARLIGHT 34 STARLIGHT EXTRA 34 STARLIGHT PLUS CLASS 34	140cm	100cm			
LIGHTBEN 19 LIGHTBEN PLUS 19	75cm	55cm			
LIGHTBEN 21 LIGHTBEN PLUS 21	80cm	60cm			

# **EXAMPLE OF COMPLEX FURNITURE**



### 5.6.2. COMPLEX STRUCTURES

Best result are obtained with STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA and LIGHTBEN panels that are more suitable for edging, gluing, polishing, thermoforming process (see paragraphs 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7). The other type of panels are more difficult to processing and can give lower esthetical results



### 5. GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF PANELS



### 6. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 6.1. SCRATCHES-TEARS OF THE PROTECTIVE FILM

If during panels transportation or successive handling the protective film is removed or altered, damage to panel surfaces can occour. If it is necessary to remove the protective film to inspect the plastic surface, it is important to recover the surface with the film and to use a low adhesive tape to keep the film in place.

It damages are present on the panel surface small scratches and abrasions can be removed through polishing (refer to paragraph 4.6)

### 6.2. PARTIAL DETACHMENT OF EXTERNAL SKIN

If the surface sheet separates from the core:

Trimming: apply tape to the affected areas to prevent further delamination.

Repairing: gently lift the detatched skin (without causing a further detatchment) and place a light layer of anglosol 2000 or ANGLO TC 731 adhesive (see attachment 4) over the core. Clamp the area to be repaired and allow approximately 2 hours for the adhesive to harden.

### 6.3. CONDENSATE INSIDE CORE CELLS

When STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN panels are placed in environment at low temperature, even after edge sealing, condensate can occour inside the cells of the core.

This phenomenon is not to be considered a panel defect, as it is transitory and tends to disappear when temperature increases.

### ATTACHMENT 1 : PRODUCTS TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS

#### **STARLIGHT** MECHANICAL DOODEDTIES

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	

	MODULUS OF ELASTICITY UNI-EN <b>310 (</b> N/MM <sup>2</sup> )	bending strength uni-en 310 (n/mm <sup>2</sup> )	BENDING STIFFNESS (NXM2/M)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N/MM2)
Starlight / Starlight extra 19	1250	33	714,5	2,6
Starlight / Starlight extra 21	1790	33,1	1381,4	2,6
Starlight / Starlight extra 34	914	19,4	2993,7	2,1
Starlight / Starlight extra 36	1100	18,7	4276,8	2,1
Starlight plus class 19 Clear T / Clear S	1150	36	657,3	2,6
Starlight plus class 34 Clear T / Clear S	720	21	2358,2	2,1
Starlight plus floor 40	290	-	-	2,1
Starlight plus UVP T 21	1450	34	1119,0	2,6
Starlight plus UVP T 36	960	26	3732,5	2,1

Starlight p

### 7. SAFETY NOTES

STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN panels are hard materials with cutting corners: use protective gloves and clothes during handing in order to avoid possible injury.

In case panels are exposed to high temperatures (for examples, during mechanical processing, thermo formation, etc.) environments need to be adequately ventilated in order to avoid potential hazards due to gas formation, which could be potentially inflammable and dangerous for the operators.

The material with which STARLIGHT and LIGHTBEN panels are formed tends to charge electrostatic and to suddenly emit electrical charges: therefore the presence of inflammable liquid or gases in the nearby areas has to be avoided.

For detailed information, please refer to the safety data sheets to be found in attachment 5.

#### **STARLIGHT MAXIMUM SUPPORT DISTANCES (MM)**

Load in N / m <sup>2</sup>												
	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2500	3000	3500	5000
Starlight / Starlight extra 19	1900	1750	1600	1500	1400	1350	1300	1250	1100	1000	950	
Starlight / Starlight extra 21		2000	1950	1850	1750	1650	1600	1550	1450	1350	1250	
Starlight / Starlight extra 34	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	1850	1750	1650	1500
Starlight / Starlight extra 36	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	1900	1850	1650
Starlight plus class 19 Clear T / Clear S	1800	1650	1550	1450	1350	1300	1250	1200	1050	950	900	
Starlight plus class 34 Clear T / Clear S	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	1900	1850	1700	1600	1500	1350
Starlight plus UVP T 21	2000	1950	1830	1700	1620	1550	1480	1420	1350	1250	1200	
Starlight plus UVP T 36	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	1850	1800	1600

four sided simply supported square plate safety factor>3 deflection/edge<1/50



8. ATTACHMENTS

	SUN ELEVATION ANGLE								
	0°	30°	45°	60°					
lus UVP T 21	0,61	0,59	0,55	0,42					

TSET-value (total energy solar transmittance)



### STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR S40 LOAD CAPACITY TABLE

DATA IN MM	support gap 500mm	support gap 600mm	support gap 1000mm
Deflection at a load of 2000N/m <sup>2</sup> and four-sided-support	0,10	0,17	1,32
Deflection at a load of 2000N/m <sup>2</sup> and two-sided-support	0,30	0,61	4,70
Deflection at a central load of 2000N and four-sided-support (*)	0,90	1,30	3,77
Deflection at a load of 3000N/m <sup>2</sup> and four-sided-support	0,12	0,26	1,98
Deflection at a load of 3000N/m <sup>2</sup> and two-sided-support	0,44	0,92	7,11
Deflection at a central load of 3000N and four-sided-support (*)	1,40	2,00	5,66
Deflection at a load of 4000N/m <sup>2</sup> and four-sided-support	0,17	0,34	2,65
Deflection at a load of 4000N/m <sup>2</sup> and two-sided-support	0,59	1,23	9,48
Deflection at a central load of 4000N and four-sided-support (*)	1,90	2,70	7,55
Deflection at a load of 5000N/m <sup>2</sup> and four-sided-support	0,21	0,43	3,31
Deflection at a load of 5000N/m <sup>2</sup> and two-sided-support	0,74	1,54	11,80
Deflection at a central load of 5000N and four-sided-support (*)	2,36	3,40	9,50

#### calculated data with safety factor >3 (\*) the minimum application load surface mast be >25 cm<sup>2</sup> load capacity table

### STARLIGHT LOAD CAPACITY TABLE 1000 N /M<sup>2</sup>

	500,0	600,0	750,
Starlight / Starlight extra 19	0,32	0,66	1,61
Starlight / Starlight extra 21	0,16	0,34	0,83
Starlight / Starlight extra 34	0,08	0,16	0,38
Starlight / Starlight extra 36	0,05	0,11	0,27

#### AREA LOAD 1000 N /MQ





8. ATTACHMENTS

)	1000
	5,08
	2,63
	1,21
	0,85

STARLIGHT / STARLIGHT EXTRA 19 \_\_\_\_ STARLIGHT / STARLIGHT EXTRA 21 \_\_\_\_ STARLIGHT / STARLIGHT EXTRA 34 \_\_\_\_ STARLIGHT / STARLIGHT EXTRA 36 \_\_\_\_



#### STARLIGHT LOAD CAPACITY TABLE 3000 N/M^2

	500,0	600,0	750,0	1000
Starlight Plus UVP T 21	0,61	1,26	3,08	9,73
Starlight Plus UVP T 36	0,18	0,38	0,92	2,92

#### AREA LOAD 3000 N /MQ



#### LIGHTBEN TECHNICAL DATA

	star	ndard pa	nels	÷	tolerance	S	others						
	lenght (mm)	width (mm)	thickness (mm)	lenght (mm)	width (mm)	thickness (mm)	fire class (DM 26/6/84 UNI 9177) <sup>1</sup> (DIN 4102) <sup>2</sup>	coeficient of thermal expansion (mm/m°K)	service temperature (°C)	weight per unit area (Kg/m²)	thermal insulation U- value (W/m²x°K)	sound insulation Rw (db)	
Lightben 19	3015	1000	19	±2	+1/-2	± 0,5%	-	0,065	-30° +80°	6	3	22	
Lightben 21	3015	1000	21	±2	+1/-2	±10%	-	0,065	-30° +80°	8,2	2,9	22	
Lightben plus 19	3015	1000	19	±2	+1/-2	± 0,5%	class 11/B12	0,065	-30° +80°	6	3	22	
Lightben plus 21	3015	1000	21	±2	+1/-2	±10%	class 11/B12	0,065	-30° +80°	8,2	2,9	22	
Lightben plus cc 19	3015	1000	19	±2	+1/-2	± 0,5%	class 11/B12	0,065	-30° +80°	6	3	22	
Lightben plus cc 21	3015	1000	21	±2	+1/-2	±10%	class 11/B12	0,065	-30° +80°	8,2	2,9	22	
cc = coloured core													

#### LIGHTBEN MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

	modulus of elasticity UNI-EN 310 (n/mm²)	bending strength UNI-EN 310 (n/ mm²)	bending stiff- ness (nxm²/m)	compressive strength (n/mm²)
Lightben / Lightben plus 19 / Lightben plus cc 19	700	22	400,1	1,0
Lightben / Lightben plus 21 / Lightben plus cc 21	850	25	656,0	1,0



8. ATTACHMENTS



### LIGHTBEN LOAD CAPACITY TABLE 1000 N /M^2

Support distance	500,0	600,0	750,0	1000
Lightben / Lightben plus 19 / Lightben plus cc 19	0,40	0,90	2,00	6,20
Lightben / Lightben plus 21 / Lightben plus cc 21	0,32	0,70	1,60	5,00

#### AREA LOAD 3000 N /MQ



SUPPORT DISTANCE (MM) SQUARE PANEL SIMPLY SUPPORTED ON FOUR SIDES

LIGHTBEN PLUS 19

### ATTACHMENT 2 : TABLES OF SURFACES CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

#### STARLIGHT-PLUS-CLASS AND LIGHTBEN- PLUS PANELS

Acetic Acid, 40% aq	1	
Acetic Acid, glacial	3	
	4	
	4	
Ammonio 10% og		
Ammonia, 10% aq	4	
Ammonium Chloride solid	1	
Ammonium Persulphate, solid	1	
Ammonium Sulphate, solid	2	
Amyi Acetate	3	
Amvi Alcohol	4	
Amyl Methyl Ketone, solid	1	
Barium Chloride, solid	1	
Benzene, solid	4	
Benzoic Acid	1	
Benzyl Acetate	4	
Benzyl Alcohol	4	
Benzyl Benzoate	3	
Butyl Acetate	4	
Butyl Alcohol	1	
Butyl Lactate	2	
Butyl Stearate	1	
Calcium Hypochloride, solid	2	
Camphor, solid	1	
Camphorated Oil	2	
Carbon Tetrachloride	2	
Castor Oil	1	
Cetyl alcohol, solid	1	
Chloral Hydrate, solid	4	
Chlorobenzene	4	
Chloroform	4	
Chromic Acid, Plating Soln	4	
Citric Acid	1	
Citronellol	2	
Cupric Sulphate, solid	1	
Cyclohexane	1	
Cyclohexanone	4	
Cyclonexanol	2	
Diacetone Alcohol	1	
Di-alkyl Phthalate	1	



### 8. ATTACHMENTS

### LEGEND

1 = insensible - optimum chemical restance.

2 = satisfaying, small distortions possible.

3 = sufficient, decrease in the traslucency possible.

4 = insufficient, chemical attach with loss of initial characteristics.

Di-butyl Phthalate	1
Di-non Phthalate	2
Di-octyl Phthalate	1
Dimethyl Formamide	4
Dioxane	4
Dipentene	2
Di-1-phenyl Ethanol	3
Ethyl Acetate	4
Ethyl Alcohol	1
Ethyl Benzene	3
Ethyl Digol	1
Ethylene Chlorohydrin	4
Ethylene Dibromate	4
Ethylene Dichlorate	4
Eugenol	4
2-Ethoxy Ethanol	2
Ferric Nitrate, solid	1
Formaldehyde, 40% W/W aq	1
Formic Acid, 3 % aq	2
Formic Acid, 30 % aq	2
Furfuryl Alcohol	4
Geraniol	2
Glycerine	1
Glycol	1
Hydrobromic Acid, 50% aq	1
Hydrochloric Acid, 10% aq	2



Hydrofluoric Acid, 50% aq	3
Hydrofluoric Acid, 50% conc	4
Hydrogen Peroxide	1
Hydroquinone, solid	1
Isopropyl Alcohol	1
Lanoline	1
Linalol	2
Linseed Oil	2
Lubricating grease	1
Magnesium Chloride, ag sol.	2
Maleic Acid. 25% ag	2
Maleic Acid, 50% ag	2
Mercuric Chloride solid	2
Mercury	1
Methyl Alcohol	1
Methyl Cyclohexanol	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	4
Methyl Methacrylate	3
Methyl Salicylate	4
Methylene Chloride	4
Mineral Oil	1
2. Methovy Ethanol	3
	0
Naptha, crude	1
Naptha, solvent	2
Nitric Acid, 10% aq	2
01	1
	2
	4
Oxalic Acid, solid	
Oxalic Acid, solution	2
n-Octane	1
Paraffin (medicinal)	1
Paraffin Oil	1
Petrol	2
Petroleum Ether	1
Phenol	4
Pinen	2
Potassium Bromide, solid	1
Potassium Chromate, solid	1
Potassium Cyanide, solid	1
Potassium Dichromate, solid	1
Potassium Hydroxide, 1% ag	4
Potassium Hydroxide, 10% ag	4
Potassium Permanganate, sol.	3
Propionic Acid	4
Propyl Alcohol	1
Propylene Glycol	1

Salicylic Acid, solid 1 Sodium Bicarbonate, solid 1 Sodium Borate, solid 1 Sodium Bromide, solid 1 Sodium Carbonate, anhydrous 1 Sodium Carbonate, 2,5% aq 1 Sodium Chloride, 1% aq 1 Sodium Chloride, 10% aq 2 Sodium Cyanide, solid 1 Sodium Hydroxide, 1% aq 4 Sodium Hydroxide, 10% aq 4 Sodium Nitrate, solid 2 Sodium Phosphate, solid 1 Sodium Sulphite, solid 2 Sodium Thiosulphate, solid 1 Stearic Acid, solid 2 Sulphur, solid 1 Sulphuric Acid, 3% aq 2 Sulphuric Acid, 30% aq 2 2 Tartaric Acid, solid Tetrahydrofuran 4 Tetralin 1 2 Toluene 2 Transformer Oil Trichloroethyl Phosphate 1 Trichloroacetic Acid 4 Trichloroethylene 4 Trietholamine 4 Vinegar 2 2 Xylene 2 Zinc Chloride

### STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT-EXTRA, LIGHTBEN PANELS

PRODUCT	%	REACTION	PRODUCT	%	REACTION	
ACIDS		· · · · ·				
Acetic Acid Acetic Acid Butyric Acid Chromic Acid Chromic Acid Citric Acid Formic Acid Formic Acid Formic Acid concent Hydrochloric Acid Hydrofluoric Acid Hydrofluoric Acid	10 100 Concentr. 10 Saturated Saturated 10 90 10 Concentr.	LA SA SA NA NA SA SA	Lactic Acid Nitric Acid Nitric Acid Oxalic Acid Paracetic Acid Phosphoric Acid Phosphoric Acid Sulfuric Acid Sulfuric Acid Sulfuric Acid Tartaric Acid	20 10 Concentr. Saturated 10 95 10 30 90 Saturated	NA SA NA SA NA LA SA NA	
ALCOHOLS		11			1	
Amyl Alcohols Benzyl Alcohol Butyl Alcohol Ethyl Alcohol Ethyl Alcohol Anhydrous Ethyl Alcohol Brcontact	Pure Pure Pure 30 Pure 10	SA SA SA SA SA NA	Methyl Alcohol Methyl Alcohol Methyl Alcohol Propyl Alcohol Propyl Alcohol	10 50 Pure 10 50	NA LA SA LA SA	
BASES		11				
Caustic Potash Caustic Potash Caustic Soda	10 50 10	LA SA LA	Caustic Soda Sodium Carbonate	50 Saturated	SA NA	
GASES		· · · · · ·			1	
Acetylene Butane Carbonic Gases Hydrogen Oxygen		NA NA NA NA	Ozone Propane Sulphur Dioxide Sulphuric Anhydri <sup>de</sup>		NA NA SA	
OILS AND GRE	ASY PRODU	CTS				
Butyl Stearate Coconut Oil Lanoline Lockeed Oil		LA NA SA	Mineral Oils Parafin Sodium Oleate		NA NA LA	
FOOD PRODUC	CTS					
Fruits Juices Milk Olive Oil		NA NA NA	Vinegar Wine		NA NA	
	NA - No Attack LA - Limited Attack SA - Severe Attack					

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### 8. ATTACHMENTS



PRODUCT	%	REACTION	PRODUCT	%	REACTION	
PHENOLS					· · ·	
Cresol Metacresol		SA SA	Phenol		SA	
DISINFECTANT	S AND CLEA	NING AGENTS				
Ammonia Sol <sup>ution</sup> Ammo <sup>nium</sup> Sol <sup>ution</sup> Bleach Bleach Formaldehyde	Density 0,88 Concentr. 10° Chlorine 48° Chlorine 40	NA SA NA SA NA	Hydro <sup>gen</sup> Peroxide Hydro <sup>gen</sup> Peroxide Mercurochrome Tincture of Iodine	40 volumes 90 volumes	NA SA NA SA	
MINERAL SALT	s in soluti	ON			1	
Alun (Sat <sup>urated</sup> Solution) Ammo <sup>nium</sup> Chloride Ammo <sup>nium</sup> Nitrate Cal <sup>cium</sup> Chloride Cal <sup>cium</sup> Hypochloride Chlorine Water Copper Sulphate Ferric Chloride Iron Perchloride Iron Sulphate	Saturated Saturated 2 10	NA NA NA LA SA NA SA NA	Mercuric Pot <sup>assium</sup> Bichromate Pot <sup>assium</sup> Iodide Pot <sup>assium</sup> Per <sup>manganate</sup> Sea Water Sod <sup>ium</sup> Bichromate Sod <sup>ium</sup> Bisulphate Sod <sup>ium</sup> Chloride Sod <sup>ium</sup> Metaphos <sup>phate</sup>	10 10 Saturated 10 10 10	SA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	
SOLVENTS AND	) MISCELLA	NEOUS			· · ·	
Acetal Dehyde Acetic Anhydride Acetone Aniline Benzene Benzaldehide Butyl Acetate Butyl Phthalate Carbon Disulphide Chloroform Cyclohexane Dichloroethane Dichloroethane Diethyl Chloride Diethylene Glycol Dioctyl Phthalate Dioxane Ethylamine Ethyl Acetate Ethyl Chloride	100	SA LA SA SA SA SA LA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA	Ethylene Glycol Ethylene Sulphate Freon Gasoil Glycerine Mercury Methyl <sup>ene</sup> Chloride Methylethylketone Naphtalene Nonyl Phthalate Petrol Standard Petrol Super 100 Oct. Pyraline Turpentine Toluene Trichlorethane Trichlorethylene Tricresyl Phosphate Xylene		NA SA SA LA NA NA SA SA LA LA LA LA LA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA	

NA - No Attack LA - Limited Attack SA - Severe Attack

REAGENT	TIME TO SEE E
Methylene Chloride	1 min. (D, W)
Toluene	1 min. (D, W)
Solvesso 100	4 hrs. (W)
Kerosene	1 week (D, W)
Acetone	1 min. (D, W)
Oxalic Acide, solution	1 week
Hydrochloric Acid, concentrated	1 week (S, W)
Nitric Acid, concentrated	1 week (Y)
Sodium Hydroxide, saturated solution	48 hrs. (W)
Ammonium Hydroxide, concentrated	1 week

Note: Apprearance of plastic after exposure: **S** = Slight, **W** = Whitening, **C** = Crazing, **Y** = Yellowing, **D** = Dissolution

#### chemical compatibility summary

Chemical class	Effects
Acids (Mineral)	No effect under most conditions of
	concentration and temperature.
Alcohols	Generally compatible.
Alkalis	Acceptable at low concentration and
	temperature. Higher concentrations and
	temperatures result in etching and attack
	as evidenced by decomposition.
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	Generally compatible.
Amines	Surface crystallisation and chemical attack.
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Solvents and severe stress-cracking agents.
Detergents and Cleaners	Mild soap solutions are compatible.
	Strongly alkaline ammonia materials should
	be avoided.
Esters	Cause severe crystallisation. Partial solvents.
Fruit Juices and Soft Drinks	Compatible at low stress levels.
	Some concentrates not recommended.
Gasoline	Not compatible at elevated temperatures and stress levels.
Greases and Oils	Pure petroleum types generally compatible.
	Many additives used with them are not,
	thus materials containing additives should
	be tested.
Halogenated Hydrocarbons	Solvents and severe stress-cracking agents.
Ketones	Cause severe crystallisation and stress-
	cracking. Solvents.
Silicone Oils and Greases	Generally compatible up to 80°C.



|--|

SURE EFFECTS		

Chemical hesistance rests	Chemical	Resistance	Tests
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Chemicals	Uncoated PC
Toluene	W/S
Acetone	S
Methylethylketone	S
Dichloromethane	W/S
Sulphuric acid (95-97%)	ok
Hydrochloric acid (32%)	ok
Ammonia (25%)	ok
Thinner (Sikkens 1-2-3)	W/S
Super Gasoline (Esso)	W/S
Diesel Fuel (Esso)	ok
Fuel C	ok
Hairspray	ok

W = surface whitening

S = surface dissolution



### **ATTACHMENT 3 : ADHESIVES COMPATIBILITY**

#### HEREINAFTER A LIST OF SUGGESTED ADHESIVES WHICH CAN BE USED WHEN BONDING BENCORE PRODUCTS **ACCORDINGLY TO PANEL TYPE.**

PANEL	ADHESIVE MANIFACTURER	ADHESIVE TRADE NAME
STARLIGHT - PLUS - CLASS and LIGHTBEN - PLUS	Rohm & Co. GmbH KG Anglo Adhesives Ltd	Acrifix® Anglosol® 1200 Anglosol® 2000 Anglo® Extru-fix Anglo® Tc 731 Anglo® Tu 1908
STARLIGHT, STARLIGHT EXTRA and LIGHTBEN	Rohm & Co. GmbH KG	Anglo® Ta 431 Acrifix® 190 Acrifix® 192 Acrifix® 106 Acrifix® 108 Acrifix® 109 Acrifix® 116 Anglosol® 700 Anglosol® 700 Anglosol® 2000 Anglosol® 2000 Anglo® Cast-fix Anglo® Extru-fix Anglo® Cement 3 Anglo® Tc 731 Anglo® Tu 1908 Anglo® To 431
STARLIGHT - PLUS - UVP, LIGHTBEN - PLUS - UVP, STARLIGHT PLUS FLOOR	Rohm & Co. GmbH KG Anglo Adhesives Ltd	Acrifix® 118 Acrifix® 200 Acrifix® 108 Acrifix® 190 Anglosol® 1200 Anglosol® 2000 Anglo® Cast-fix Anglo® Extru-fix Anglo® Tc 731 Anglo® Tu 1908 Anglo® Ta 431

For products description, technical data sheets and applications please, visit the following internet sites: www.rohacell.com/en/Plexiglas and www.anglo-adhesives.co.uk/markets.html.

### **ATTACHMENT 4 : SAFETY DATA SHEETS**

#### 1. ELEMENTS IDENTIFICATORS OF SUBSTANCES/ PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/ENTERPRISE

Manifacturer:	BENCORE SRL
Chemical denomination:	Polymer-based m
Use:	Sandwich panels

#### 2. COMPOSITIONS/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

The product is mainly composed of polymers having a high molecular weight: copolymer styrene-acrilonitrile: around 40%, polimetil-metalcrilate around 60%, other components present in quantities inferior to 1%

#### 3. IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDS

The products is not to be held as hazardous

4. FI	RST-AID MEASURES	
ΕY	YE CONTACT	The product can only contact with dust); w persists please conta
Sł	KIN CONTACT	The products are not or excoriations by me In case of contact wi water and seek med Do not try remove th
IN	IHALATION	Material dust can ca the patient from poll
IN	IGESTION	The product is physic treatment is required
5. AI Pf	NTI FIRE MEASURES ROPER EXTINCTION MEANS	water, foam, chemic
H/ PF	AZARDOUS COMBUSTION RODUCTS	Intense smoke made low grade of polymer
FI	REMEN PROTECTION	Wear a special indivi
El	LECTRIC DISCHARGES	The product may cau



### 8. ATTACHMENTS

naterials for structural and architectural applications

v cause mechanical irritations (abrasions or vash with clean water for 15 minutes, if irritation act a doctors.

- harmful in case of skin contact, but may cause wounds echanical contact with the skin.
- vith melted material, rinse immediately with plenty of cool dical advice.
- he melted material once cooled on the skin.

ause respiratory (breathing) irritations: in that case, move luted area and seek medical advice

iologically inert, and there fore no first-aid medical d.

cal dust, carbon dioxide

le of steam, carbide mono and bioxide, vapours containing rs and derivatives of their sedation.

viual protective equipment with respirator.

The product may cause electrostatic discharges.



#### 6. SAFETY MEASURES IN CASE OF ACCIDENTAL LEAKAGE

Collect and if possible re-use. Alternatively recycle or dispose according to local country regulation.

7.	HANDLING AND STOCKING Handling	Refer to industrial standards for safety and health precautions.
	STOCKING	Stock the product in a close environment at temperatures between +5 °C and + 40 °C avoiding direct solar heating, rain or snow exposure, presence of inflammable, corrosive agents and/or solvents.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

	ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Under normal circumstances it is sufficient a good aeration of the stocking phase; in case of mechanical or warm processing, a continuous supply of fresh air to the workplace together with removal of processing fumes through exhaust system is recommended.
•	SAFETY EQUIPMENT	Protect with mask in case of mechanical processing.
	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	In case of machine of warm processing, if no sufficient ventilation is assured, use gas or dust protection masks.
	SKIN PROTECTION	In case of manual handling, wear long pants, long sleeves and gloves to avoid cuts and abrasions caused by cutting edges of the product.
	EYES PROTECTION	Wear safety-glasses with side shields or chemical googles during cutting, drilling and operations on machineries.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Look	Panel with macro-cellular core light reflecting
Smell	None
Boiling Point	N/A
Vapour pressure	N/A
Vapour density (Air =1)	N/A
Interval of fusion (°C)	N/A 90-130
% volatiles	N/A
Water solubility	Insoluble
Decomposition temperature (°C)	> 300
Point of flammability (°C)	> 385
Slft-ignition point (°C)	> 450

#### **10. STABILITY**

The product is stable and inert under normal conditions of handling and stockage.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID	High temperatures properties)
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Processing fumes e hydrocarbon eleme

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

With a correct use, according to the indications contained in the present card, the product has no hazardous effects on people's health.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL ACTIONS**

The product should not cause environment degradation as it is water non soluble and non biodegradable.

#### **13. CONSIDERATIONS ON DISCHARGING**

INCINERATIONS	The thermal destru
RECYCLING	The materials mak material.
WASTE DISPOSAL	To be avoided when the material is stat discharged in a lan contamination of w

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATIONS

The product is not dangerous during transportation: no classification

#### **15. INFORMATION ON THE REGULATIONS**

Exemple of the obligation of tagging according to EEC directions

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NA



### 8. ATTACHMENTS

es (see section dedicated to physical and chemical

Processing fumes evolved at recommended processing conditions may include hydrocarbon elements.

uction with gaining of energy is possible by adapt incinerators.

king up the product are recyclable after mixing with verging

enever recycling or incineration are possible; able and inert under normal circumstances and it can be ndfill without destroying its stability and without danger of water sheet.



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